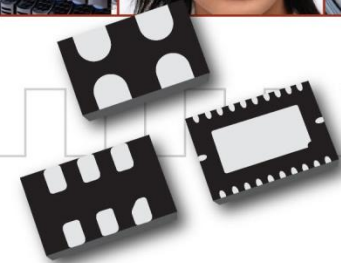




SiTime University Turbo Seminar Series

December 2012
Reliability & Resilience



The Smart Timing Choice™

Agenda

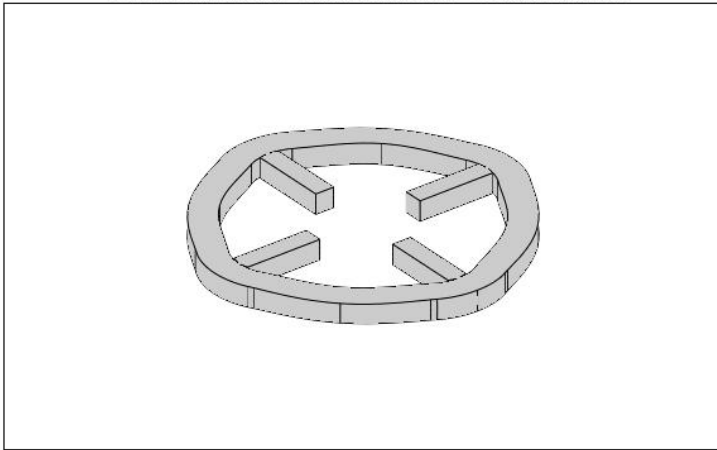


- SiTime's Silicon MEMS Oscillator Construction
 - Built for High-Volume Mass Production
- Best Electro-Magnetic Susceptibility (EMS) Performance
- Best Power-Supply Noise Rejection
- Best Resistance to Shock and Vibration
- World Class Reliability

MEMS Resonators For All Clocking

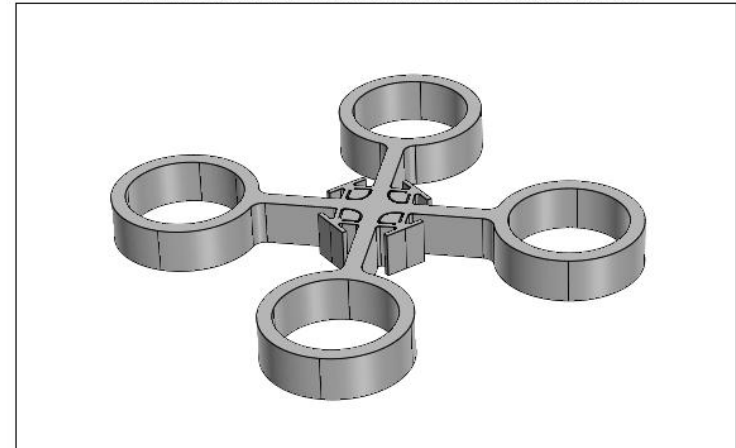


5 MHz Resonator



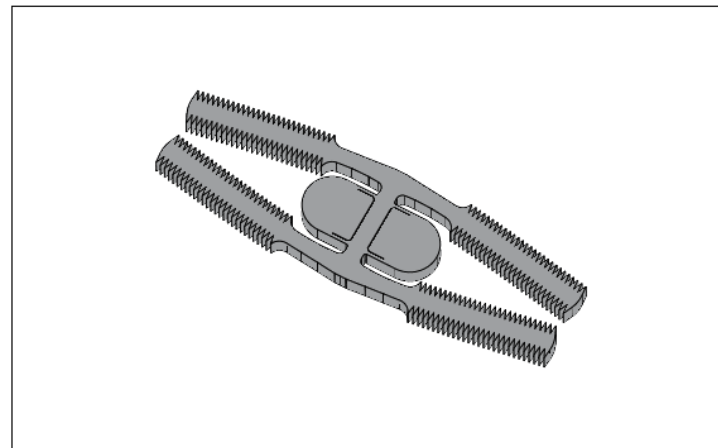
- 5MHz resonator
- In production since 2007

48 MHz Resonator



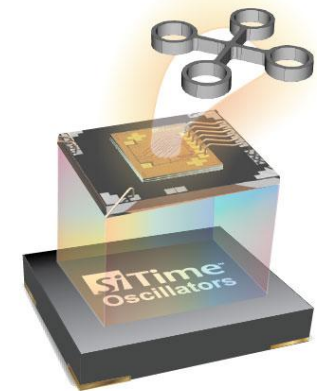
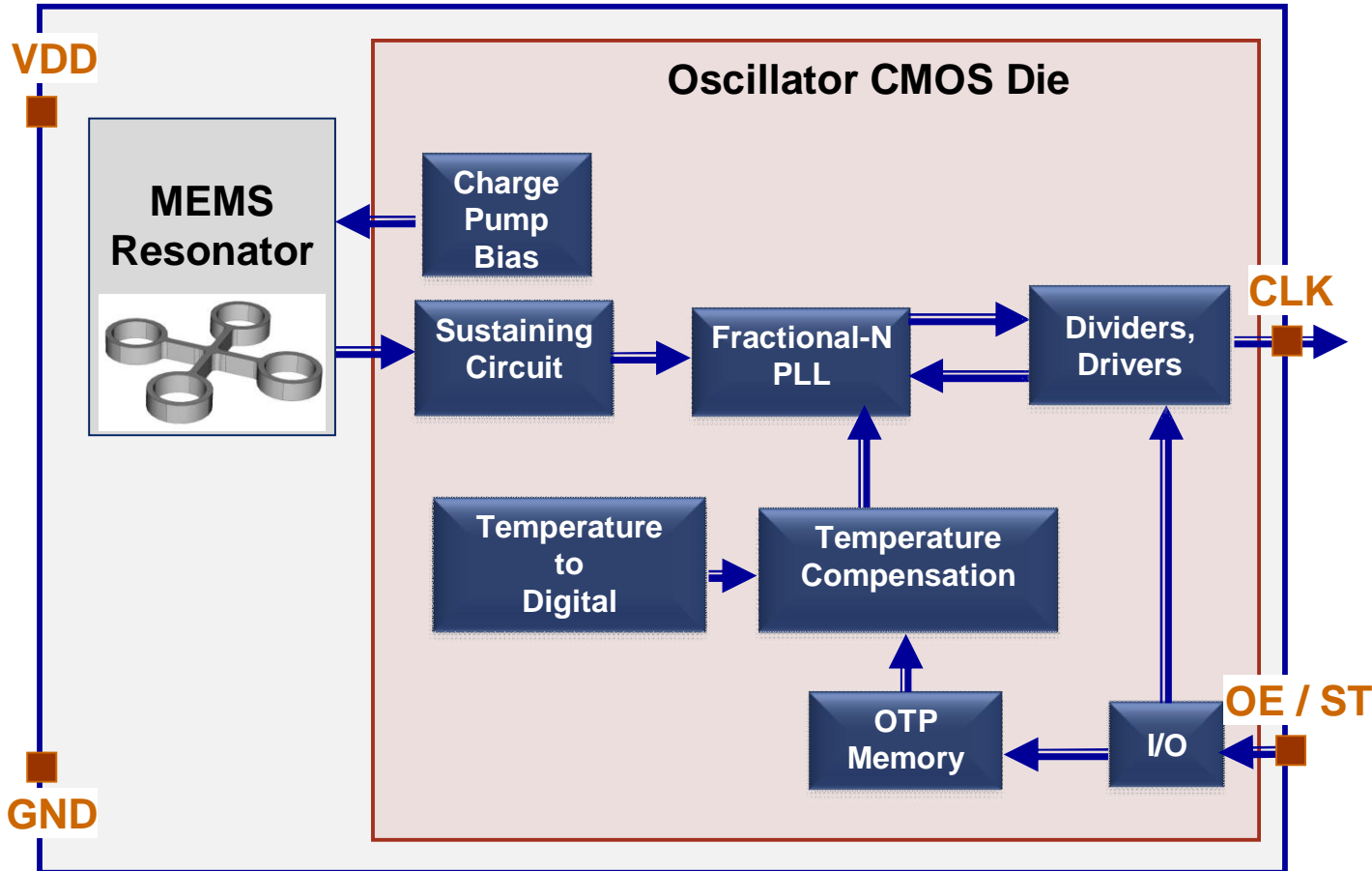
- <1ps phase jitter
- In production since 2011

524 kHz Resonator



- For timekeeping, RTC
- In production since 2010

SiTime's MEMS Oscillator has the Most Flexible System Architecture



Stacked Die Plastic Package

Resilience Performance

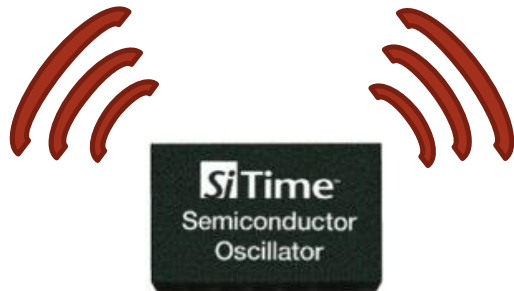
**Best
Electro-Magnetic Susceptibility
(EMS)
Performance**

EMS vs EMI



We are analyzing the oscillator's susceptibility to electro-magnetic radiated fields (EMS)

**EM-Field
Produced by
Component**



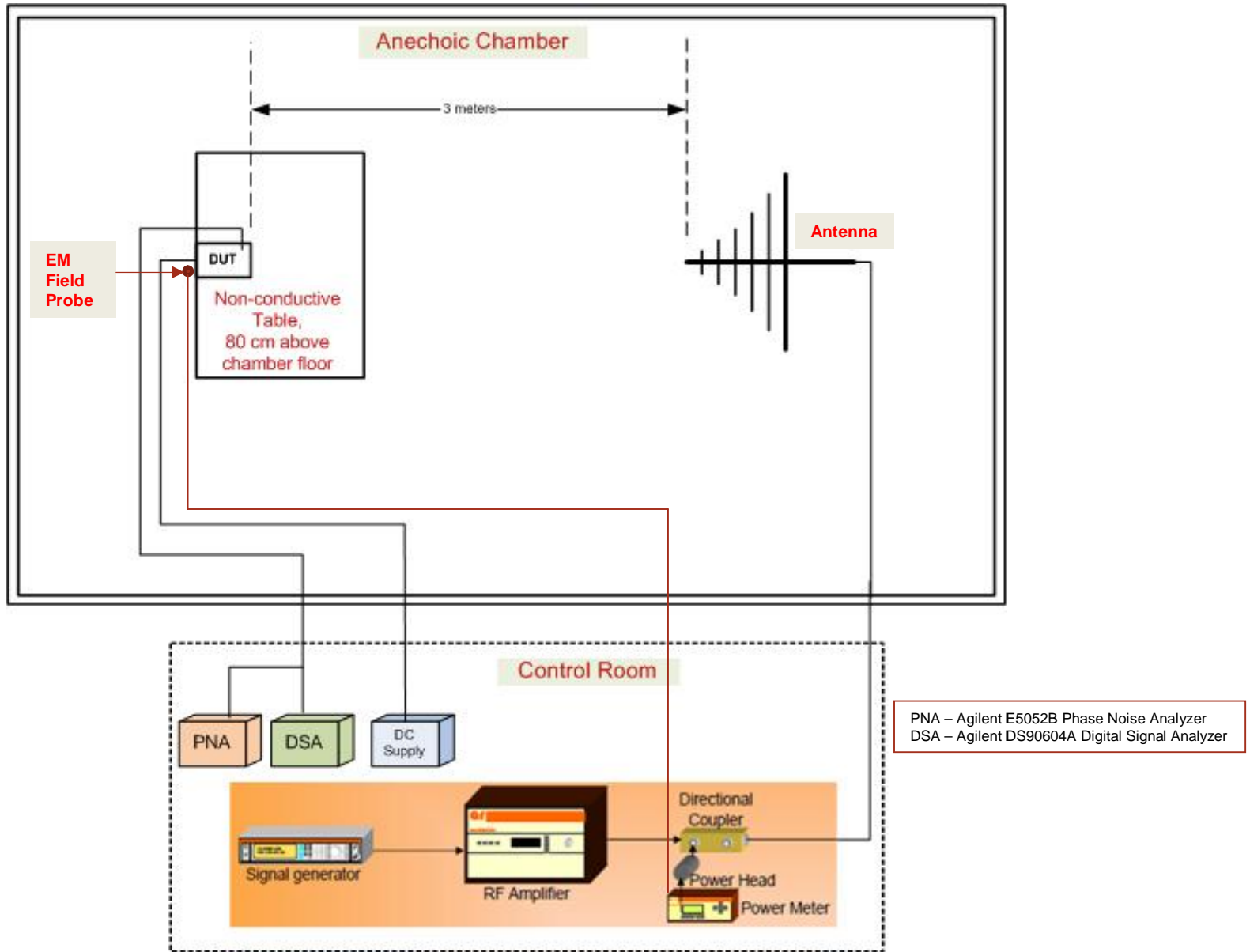
**EMI
Electro-Magnetic
Interference**

**Radiated EM-Field from
External Sources (Other
ICs, modules, etc.)**

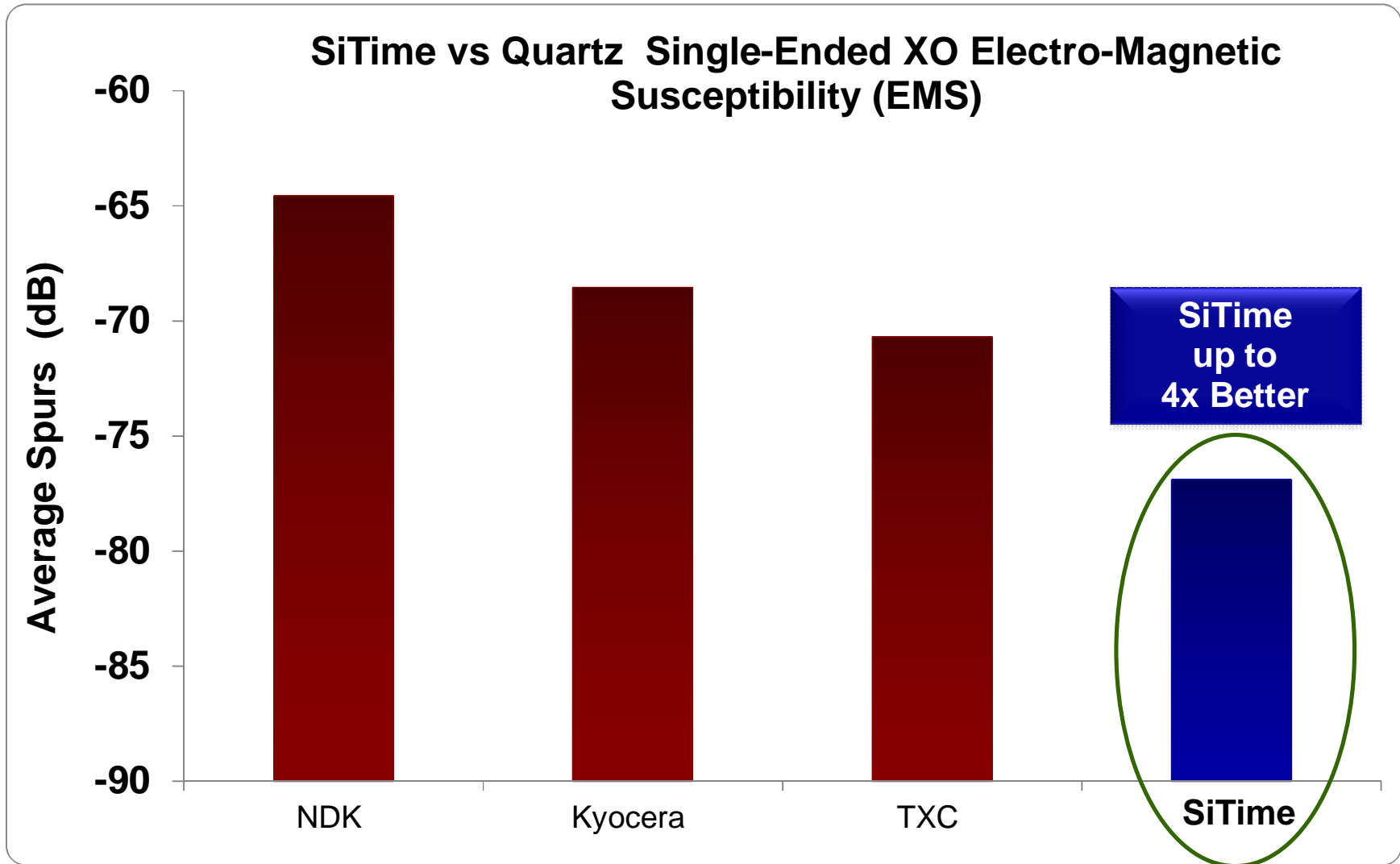


**EMS
Electro-Magnetic
Susceptibility**

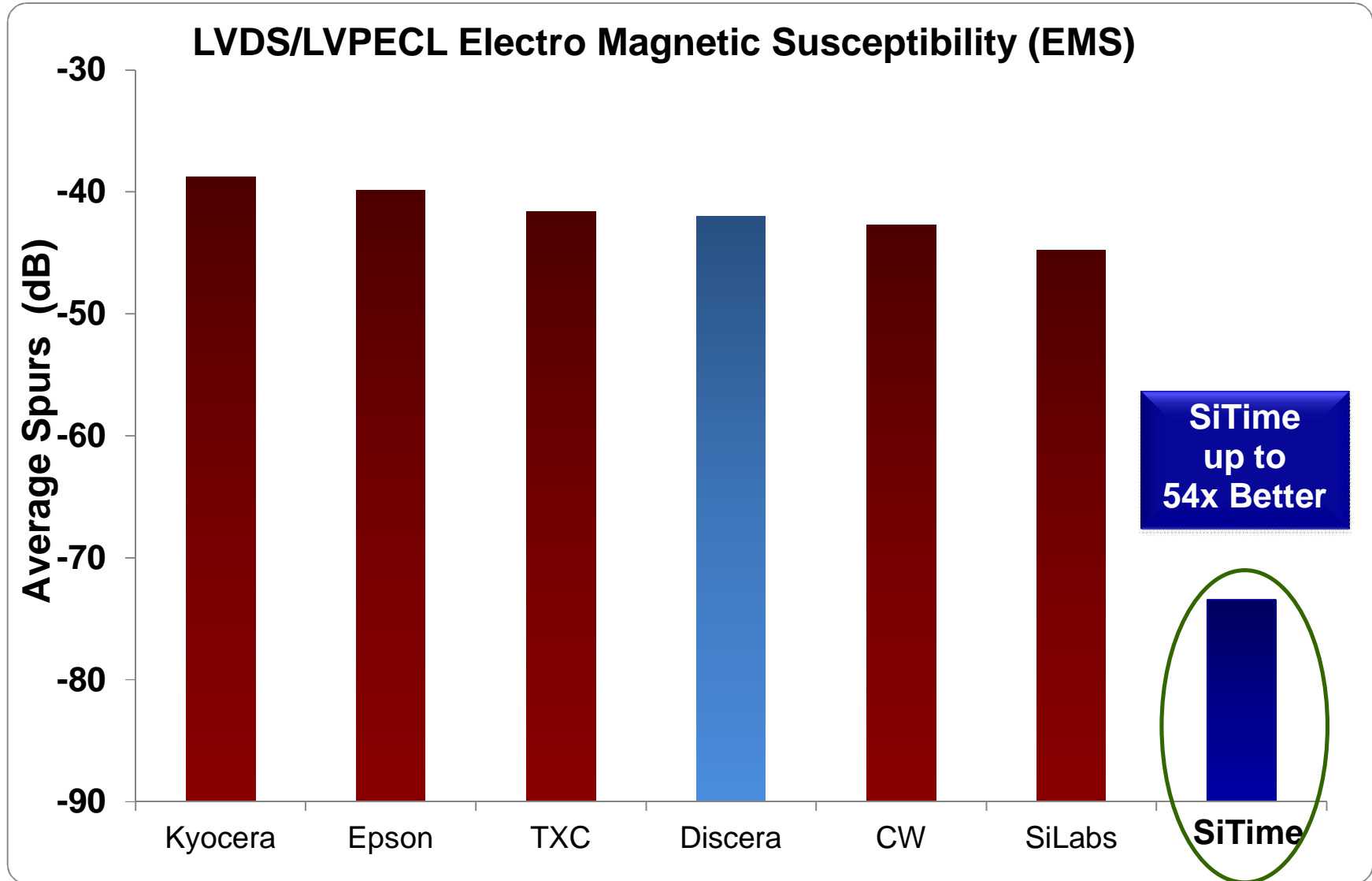
EMS Test Setup



Best EMS Performance -- LVCMOS



Best EMS Performance – LVDS/LVPECL



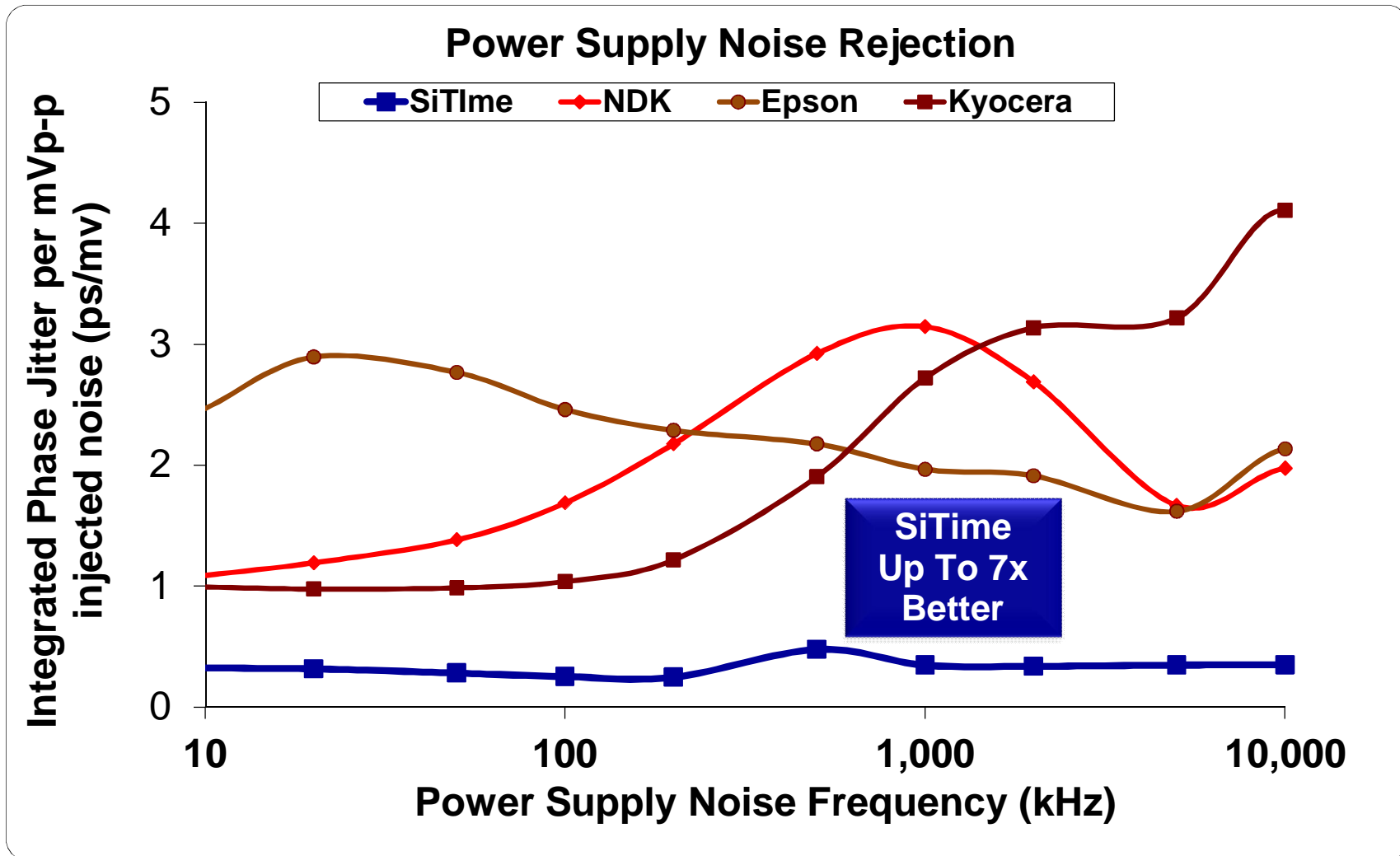
How SiTime Delivers the Best EMS Performance



- **Design & MEMS Structure**
 - Differential architecture for best common mode rejection
 - No sensitive, high-impedance nodes
 - MEMS ultra-small resonator size minimizes antenna pick-up effects compared to larger quartz resonator
- **SiTime's MEMS Resonators are Electrostatically Driven—Inherently Immune to EMI**
 - Quartz Devices are Piezoelectric and are More Susceptible to EMI
- **Definition of EMS**
 - EMS is a measure of the timing device's immunity to radiated EMI sources from other electronic components

Best Power-Supply Noise Rejection

Best Power-Supply Noise Rejection-- LVCMOS



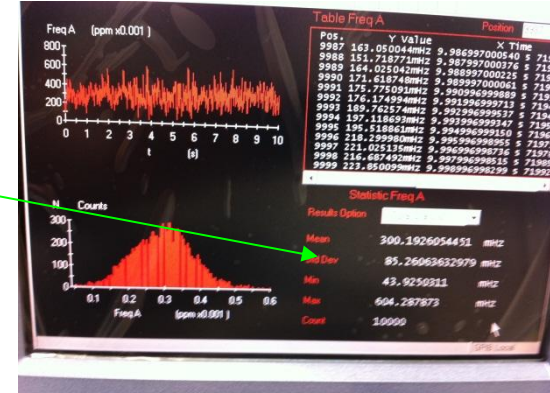
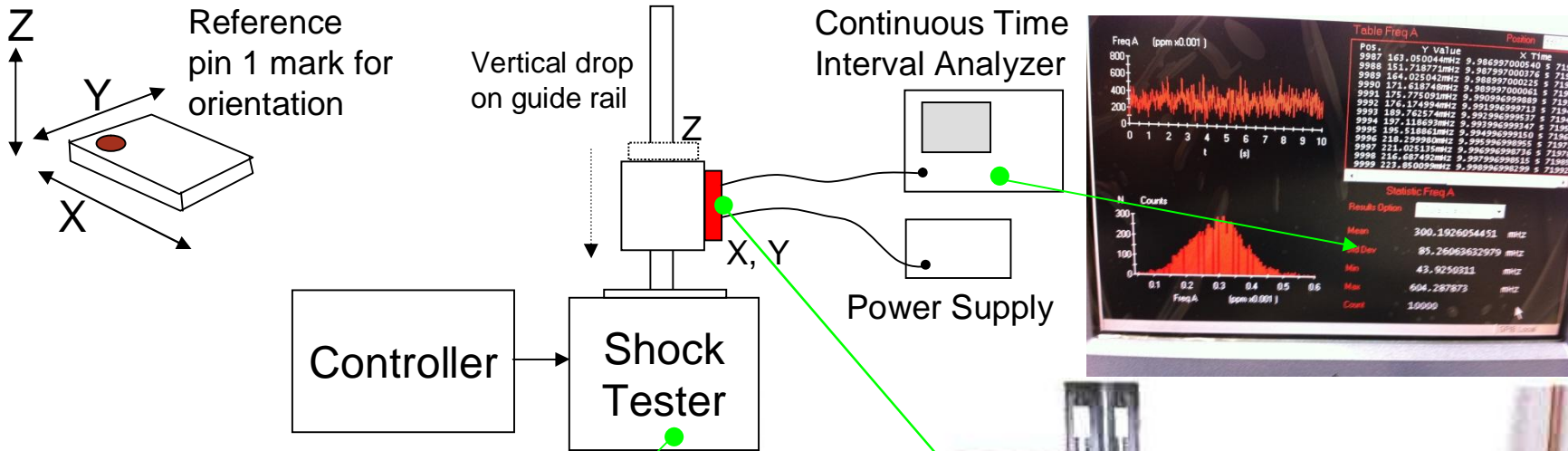
How SiTime Delivers the Best Power-Supply Noise Rejection



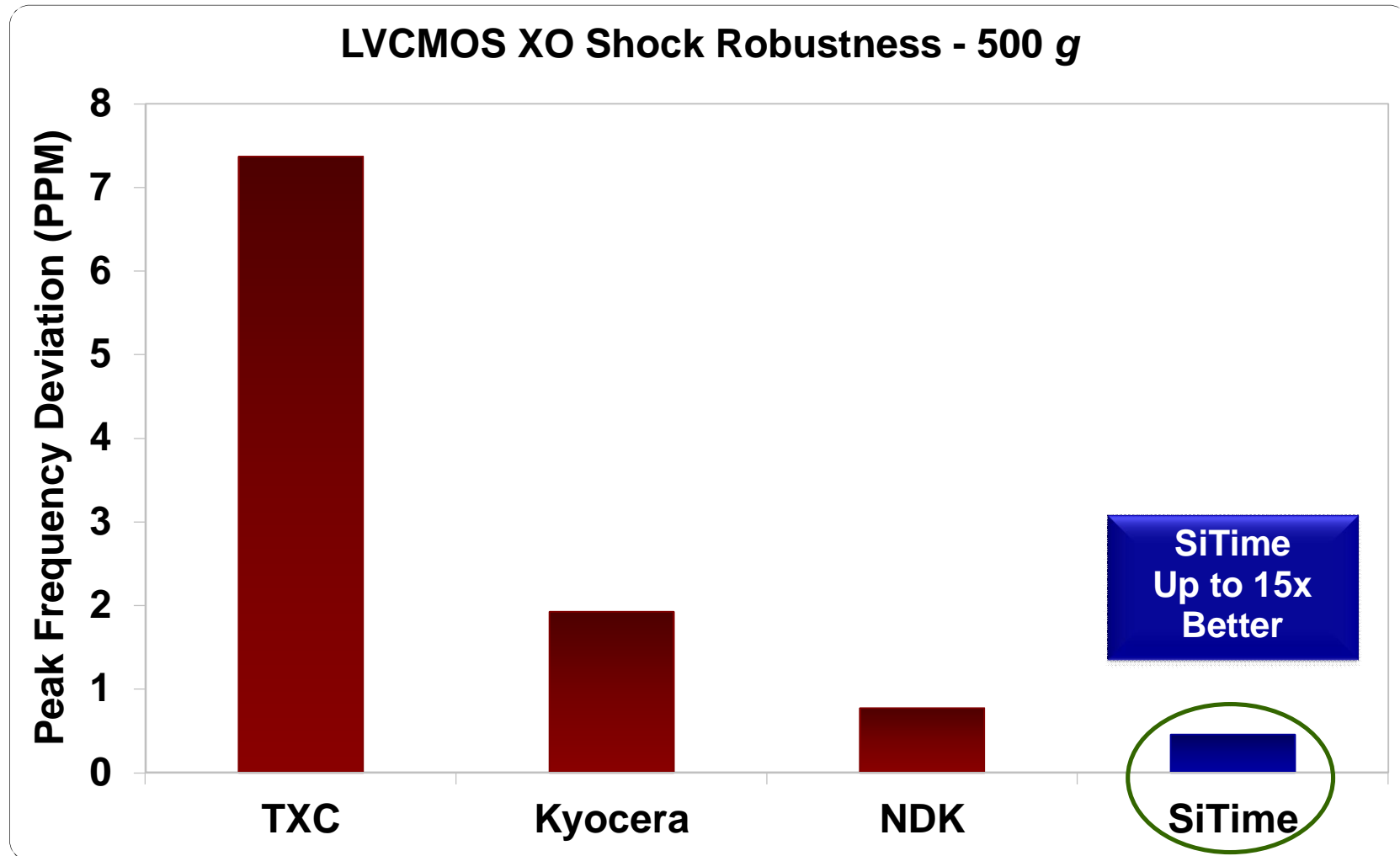
- **Best Oscillator Circuit Design**
 - Differential Design for Best Common Mode Rejection
 - 2 Layers of Linear Regulation for Best Supply Noise Immunity
 - Internal Bypass Decoupling for High-Freq. Noise Filtering
- **100% In-House Mixed-Signal Design**
(not available from quartz)
 - Continuous improvement and optimization
- **Definition of Power Supply Noise Rejection and test condition**
 - Noise on the power supply increases jitter on the clock output. The ability of a timing device to reject this power supply noise is Power Supply Noise Immunity
 - 50mVpp noise injected onto power supply, changing freq. DUT Vdd supply bypassed with 0.1 μ F//10 μ F

Best Shock and Vibration Performance

Mechanical Shock Test Setup

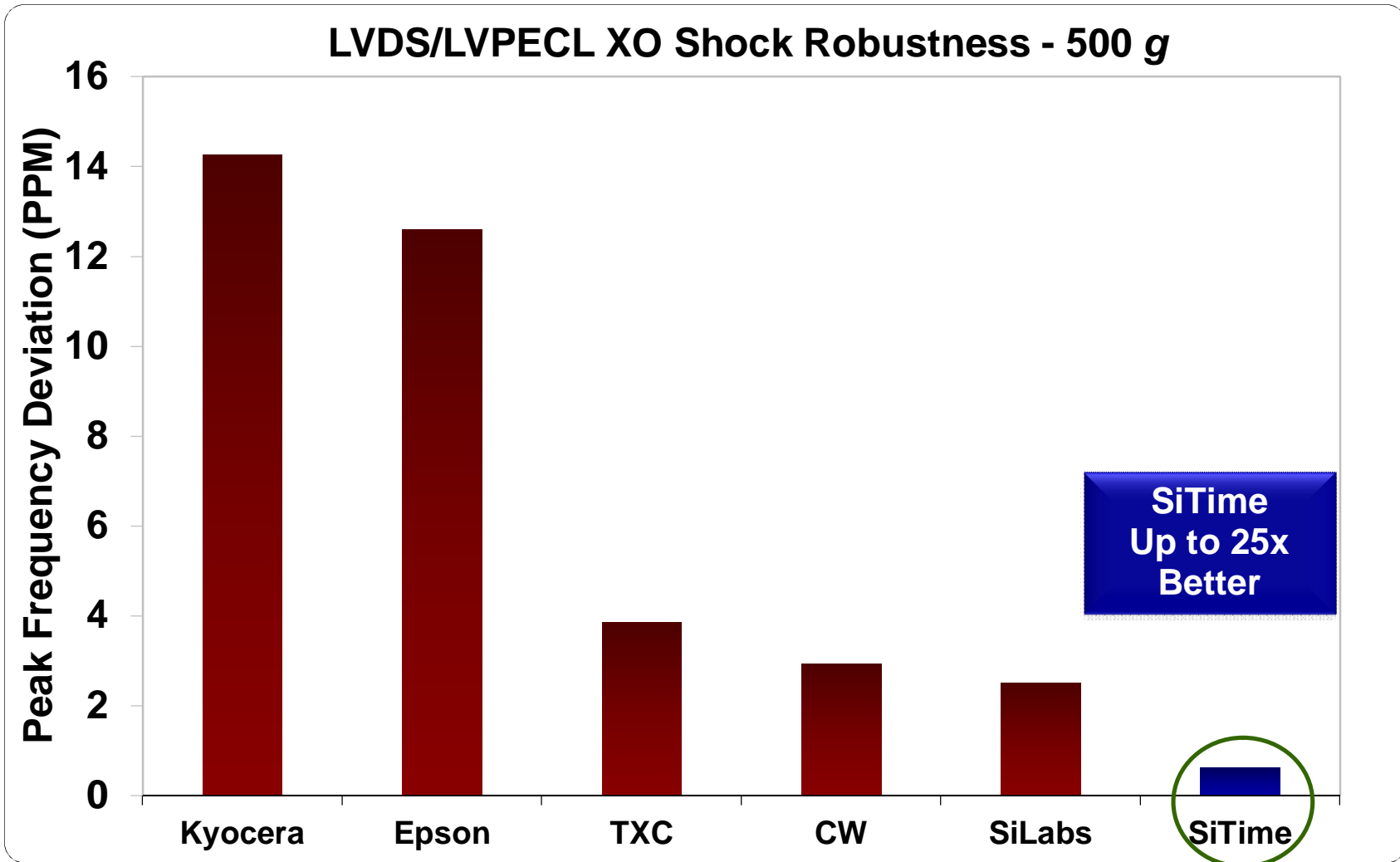


Best Performance Under Shock — LVCMOS (500 g)



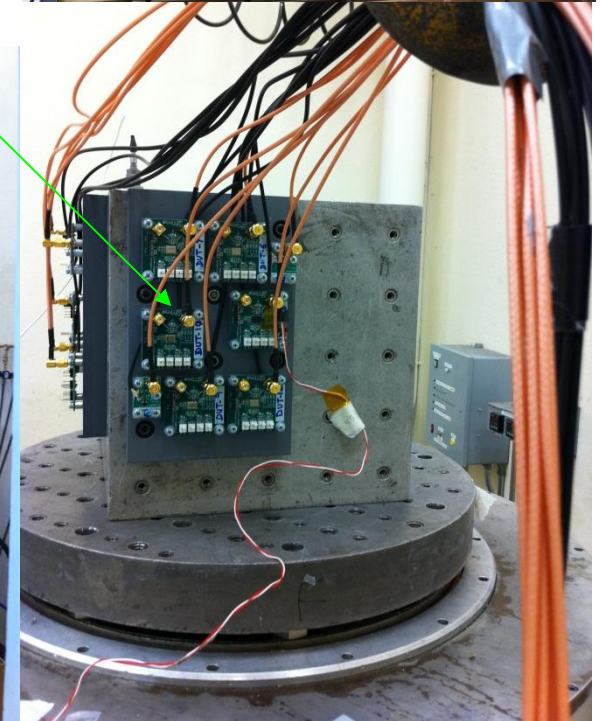
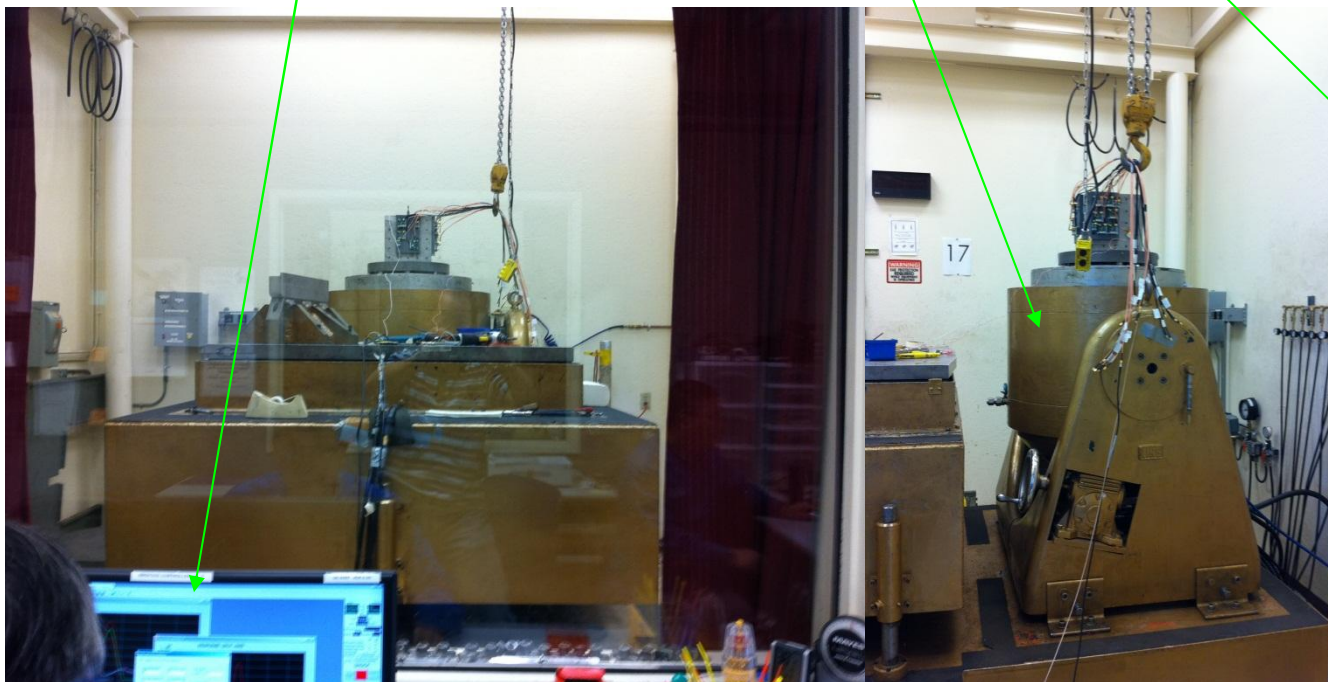
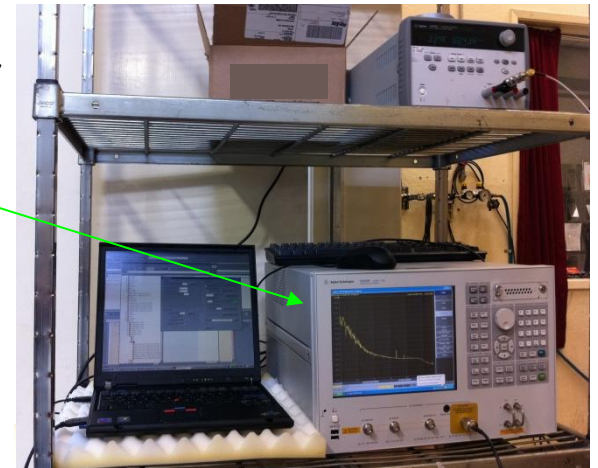
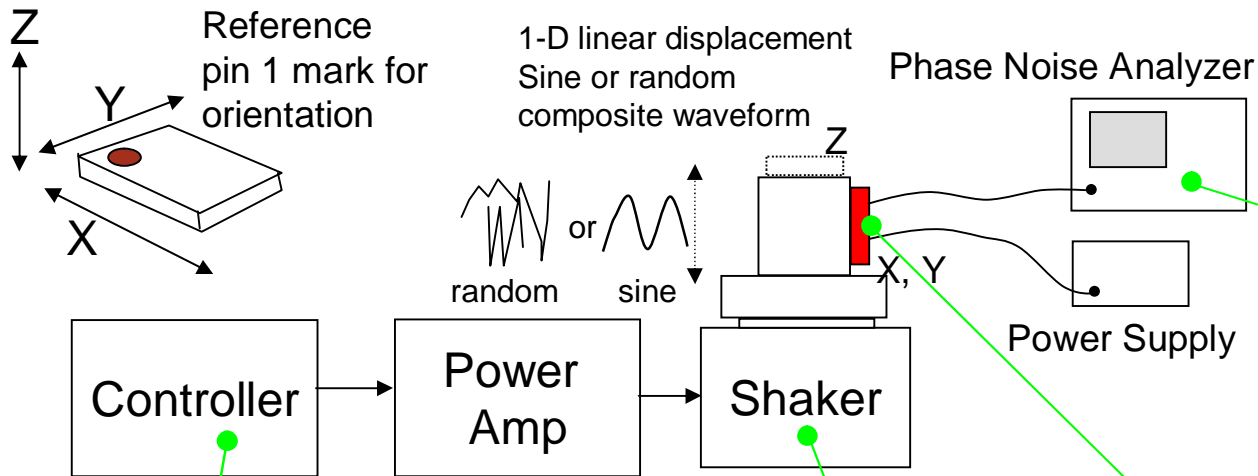
MIL-STD-883F Method 2002, condition A: half sine wave shock pulse, 500 g, 1ms.

Best Performance Under Shock — LVDS/LVPECL (500 g)

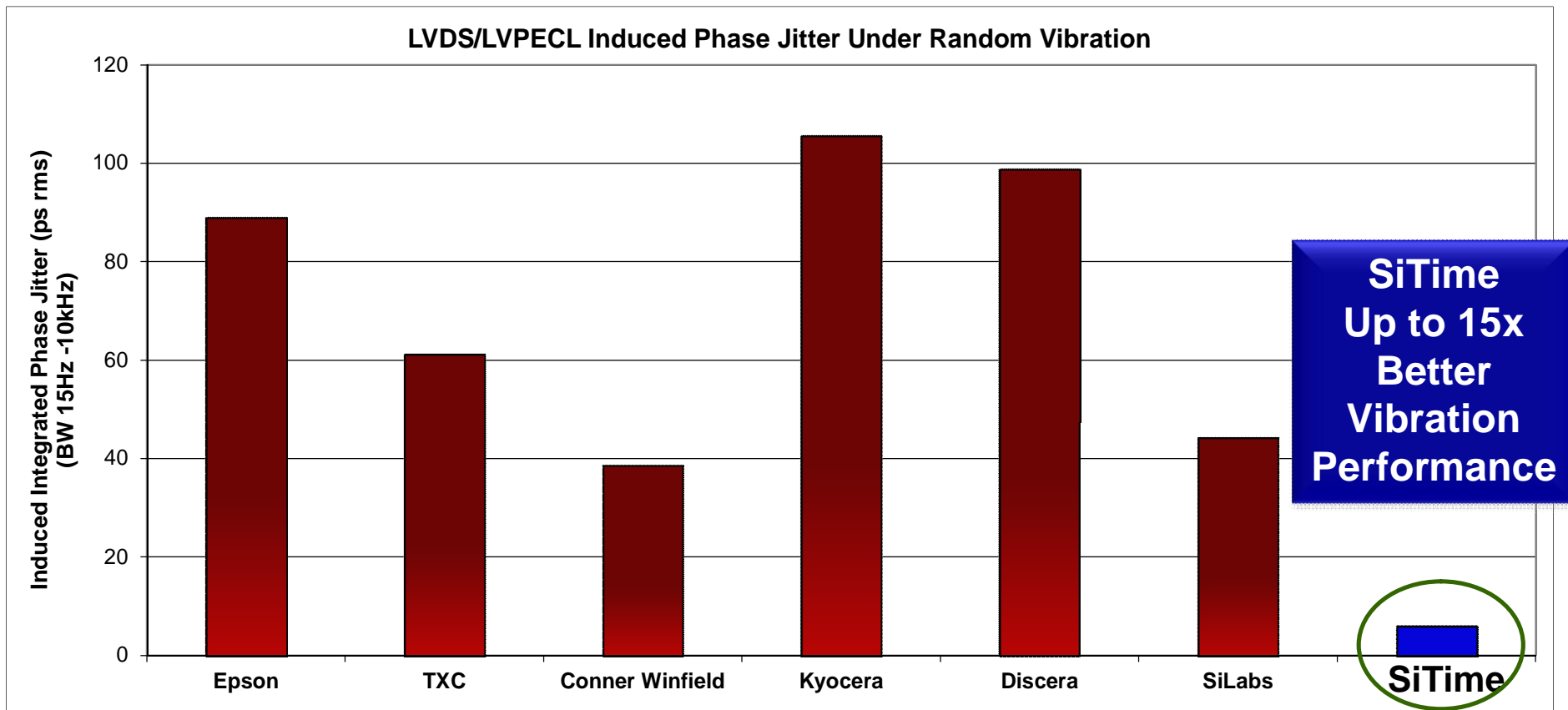


MIL-STD-883F Method 2002, condition A: half sine wave shock pulse, 500 g, 1ms

Random Vibration Test Setup



Best Phase Jitter Performance Under Vibration – LVDS/LVPECL

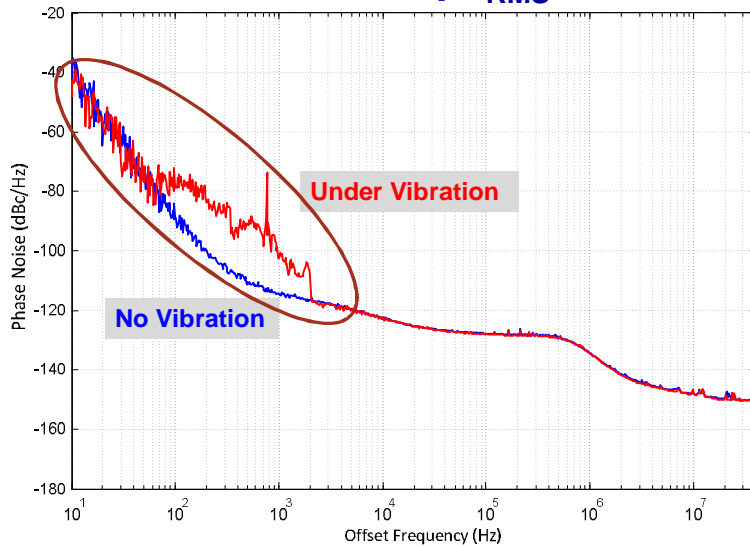


Random vibration profile: MIL-STD-883F Method 2026, Condition B at 7.5g rms. Data plot shows the induced jitter under vibration. Initial phase jitter (no vibrate) is subtracted.

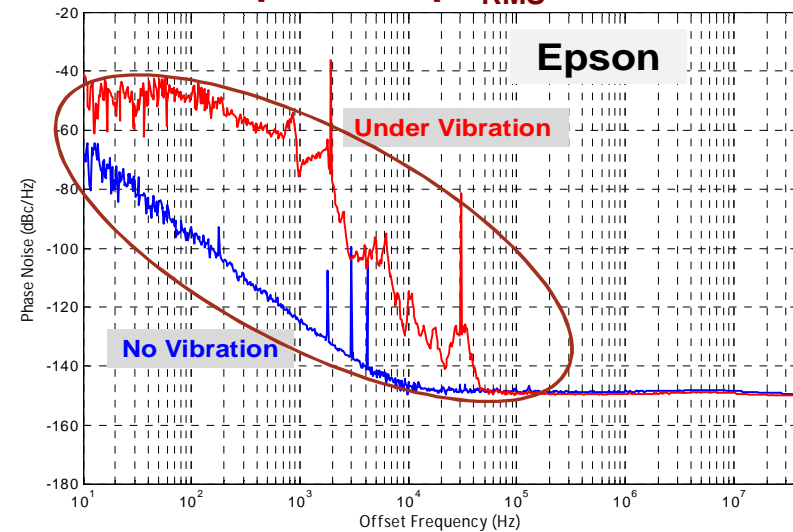
Best Phase Jitter Performance Under Random Vibration



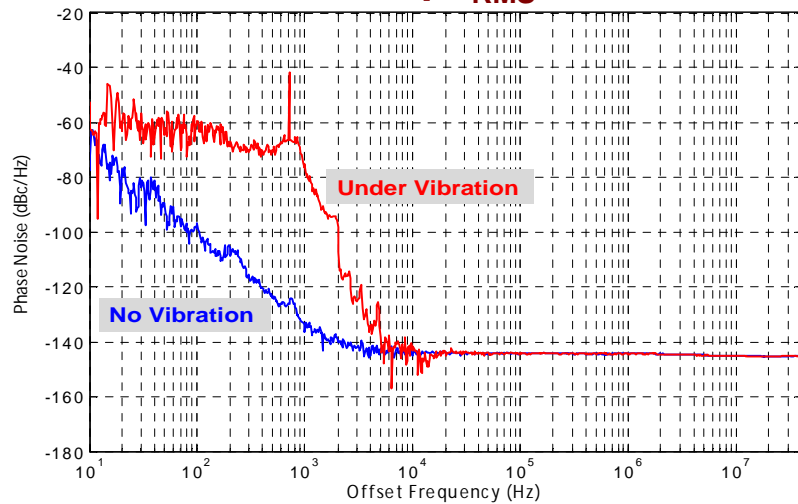
SiTime: 5.72ps_{RMS} IPJ¹



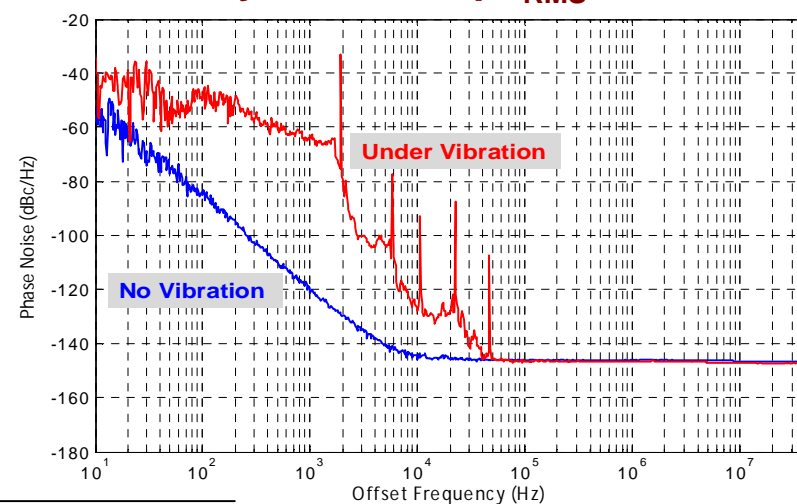
Epson: 89ps_{RMS} IPJ¹



TXC: 61ps_{RMS} IPJ¹

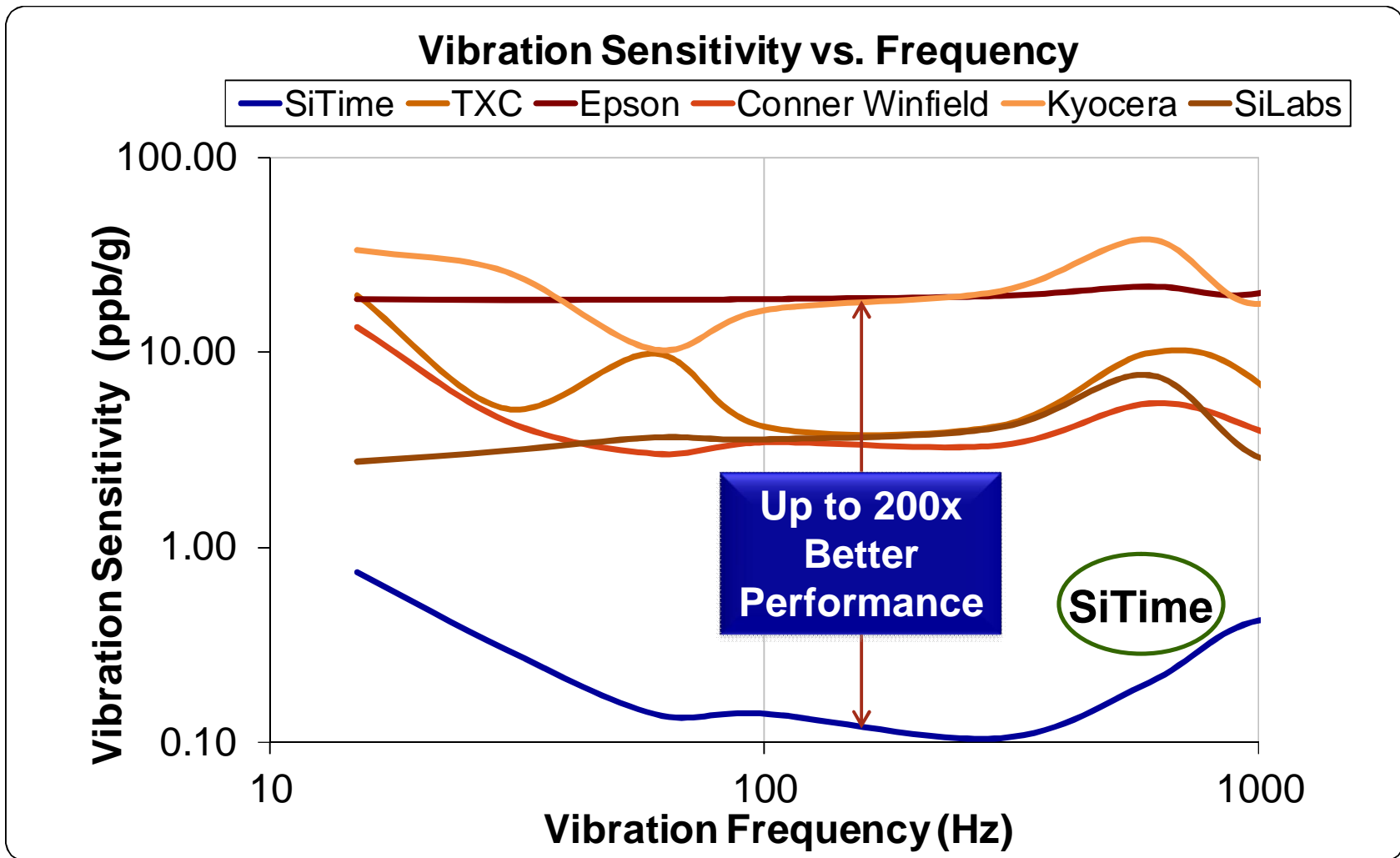


Kyocera: 100ps_{RMS} IPJ¹



$$IPJ = \text{Induced Phase Jitter: } \sqrt{(\text{Jitter}_{\text{vibe}})^2 - (\text{Jitter}_{\text{no vibe}})^2}$$

Best Stability Performance Under Vibration—LVCMOS & LVDS/LVPECL



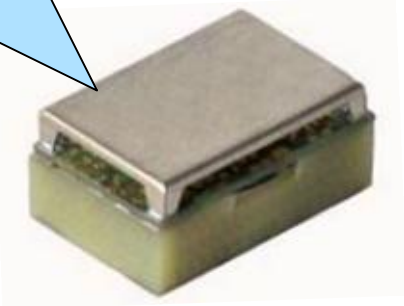
ppb/g error is calculated from the measured phase noise spurs at different vibration frequencies.

SiTime Delivers 0.1ppb/g Performance in a Plastic Package



- Putting 0.1ppb/g sensitivity in perspective
- Quartz requires very specialized packaging to achieve low G-sensitivity performance.
- All SiTime parts are highly resistant to shock and vibration in a standard plastic package—no special packaging requirements!

Quartz Low G-Sensitivity Solution



**Quartz 0.4 ppb/g device
9 x 14 x 6.2 mm**

SiTime Standard MEMS XO



**SiTime 0.1 ppb/g Device
2.0 x 1.6 x 0.75 mm**

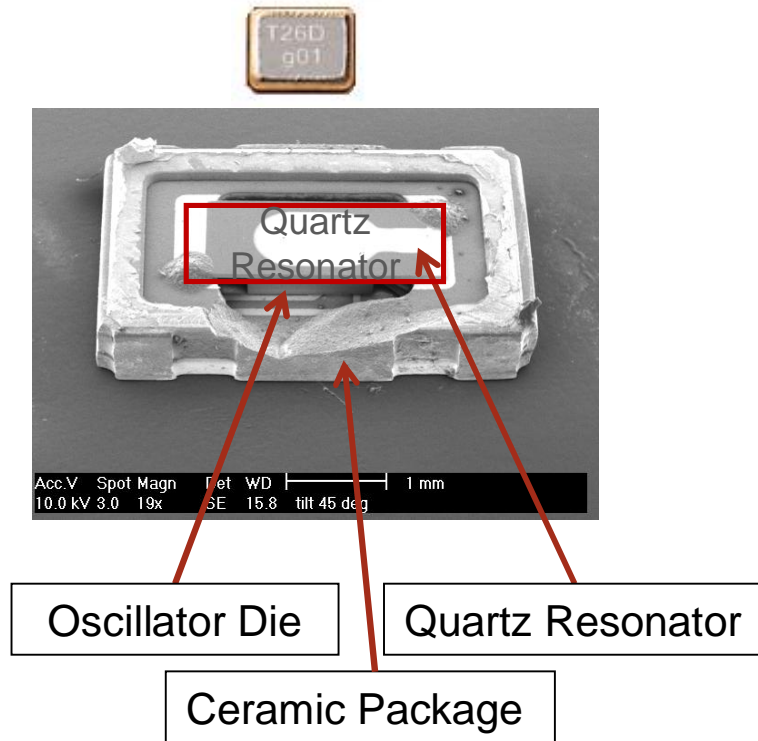
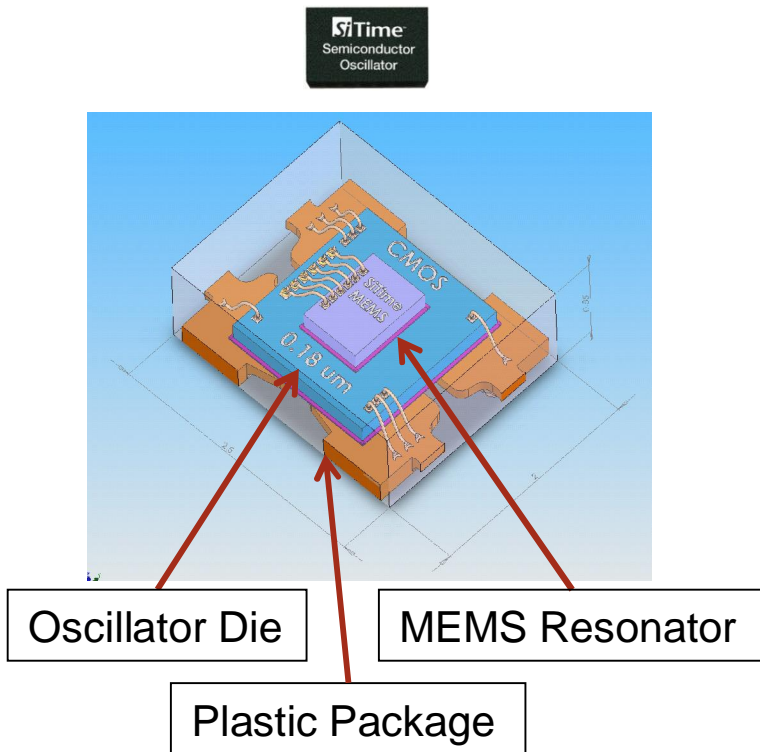
What Makes SiTime's Silicon MEMS Reliability and Resilience Superior?

SiTime's Silicon MEMS XO vs. Quartz XO

Functionally Similar...

...But Different!

- ∅ Both Require a Resonator...
- ∅ Both Require an Oscillator Die...



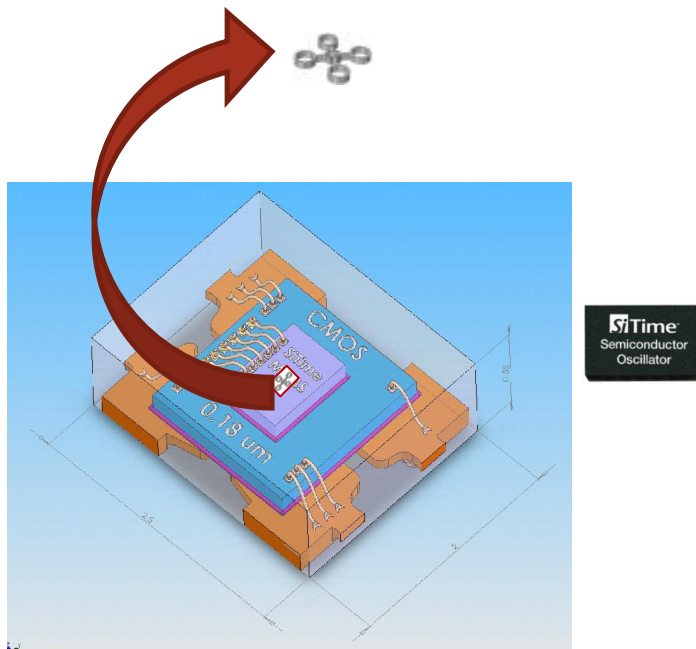
SiTime MEMS Oscillators are Inherently Robust Against Shock & Vibration



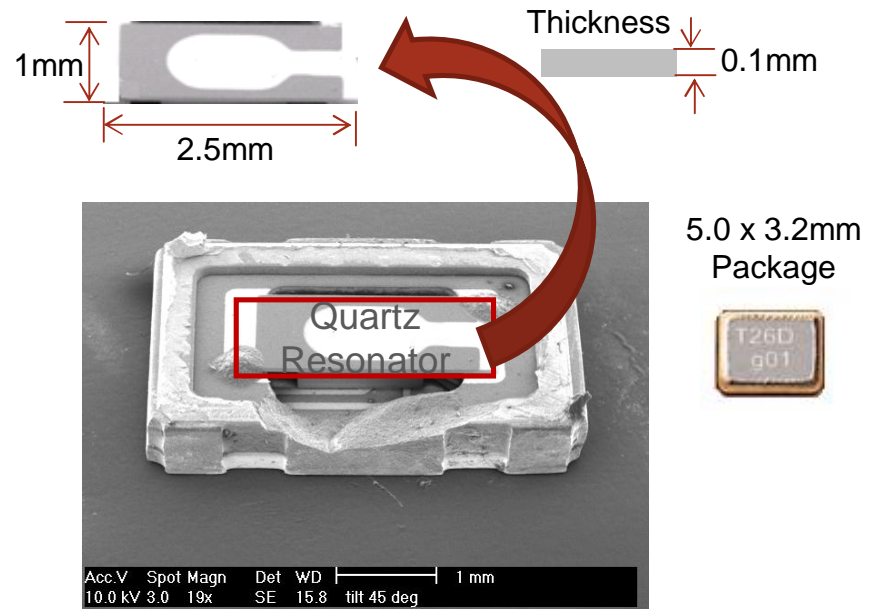
1. The resonator moving mass is extremely small → Large acceleration needed to cause sufficiently large force

SiTime MEMS Resonator Mass is 1000-to-3000 Times Smaller Than Quartz!

Silicon MEMS Resonator Mass Independent of Package



Quartz Resonator Mass Varies with Pkg Size



SiTime MEMS Oscillators are Inherently Robust Against Shock & Vibration



2. The resonator structure operates like a very stiff spring → Very difficult to affect through external force.

>1M g needed before resonator touches any surfaces. 55,000 times greater than a Howitzer Cannon!



Howitzer Cannon Launches a Ballistic with a Force of 18k g

nik 1/14/13n [27] © www.vitalphotos.com

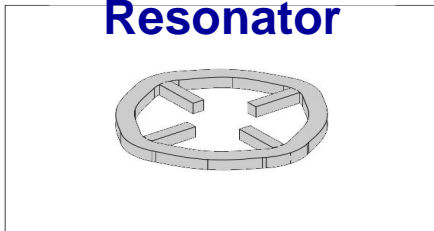
SiTime MEMS Oscillators are Inherently Robust Against Shock & Vibration



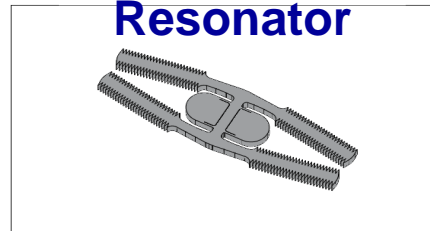
3. Proprietary Design

- Our Resonators are Designed Specifically for Low Sensitivity to Any External Mechanical Acceleration
- Single-Point, Center Anchored MEMS Resonator Virtually Eliminates Stress Error Sources

**5 MHz
Resonator**



**524 kHz
Resonator**



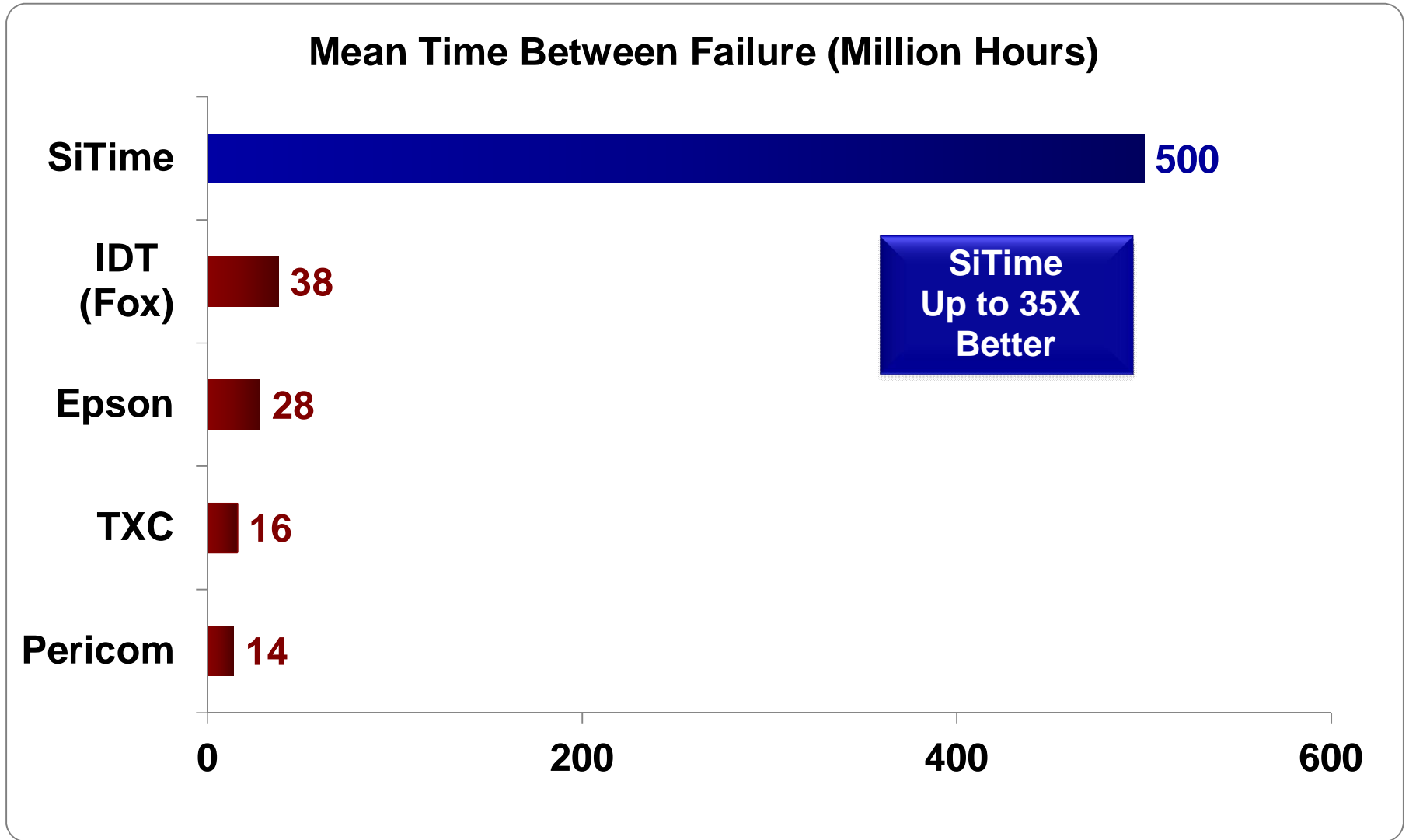
**48 MHz
Resonator**



Putting it All Together With World Class Reliability



Up to 35X Better Reliability Than Quartz



Summary



- Best EMS Performance Because...
 - Best Mixed-Signal Design Methodology and MEMS structure
 - Electrostatically driven MEMS is more resistant to EMS
- Best Power-Supply Noise Rejection Because...
 - In-House Analog Design Expertise
 - Differential Oscillator Design
- Best Shock & Vibration Because...
 - Smaller and Stiffer MEMS resonator vs Quartz
 - Single-point, Center Anchored MEMS Design
- Best Reliability—Because we are 100% Silicon
 - 500MHR MTBF (2 FIT)

Contact Information



- **For Questions, contact SiTime Technical Support**
Technicalsupport@sitime.com
- **For *Turbo Webinar* pdf Downloads on SiTime's Web Site**
www.sitime.com/support/sitime-u/turbo-webinars
 - All new webinars will be posted within 1-week
 - For a list of part numbers used for each test, contact SiTime Technical Support at the email address listed above.